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Subpart F—Grievance Procedures, Complaints, and State Appeals Processes

- 667.600 What local area, State and direct recipient grievance procedures must be established?
- 667.610 What processes do we use to review State and local grievances and complaints?
- 667.630 How are complaints and reports of criminal fraud and abuse addressed under WIA?
- 667.640 What additional appeal processes or systems must a State have for the WIA program?
- 667.645 What procedures apply to the appeals of non-designation of local areas?
- 667.650 What procedures apply to the appeals of the Governor's imposition of sanctions for substantial violations or performance failures by a local area?

Subpart G—Sanctions, Corrective Actions, and Waiver of Liability

- 667.700 What procedure do we use to impose sanctions and corrective actions on recipients and subrecipients of WIA grant funds?
- 667.705 Who is responsible for funds provided under title I of WIA?
- 667.710 What actions are required to address the failure of a local area to comply with the applicable uniform administrative provisions?
- 667.720 How do we handle a recipient's request for waiver of liability under WIA section 184(d)(2)?
- 667.730 What is the procedure to handle a recipient's request for advance approval of contemplated corrective actions?
- 667.740 What procedure must be used for administering the offset/deduction provisions at section 184(c) of the Act?

Subpart H—Administrative Adjudication and Judicial Review

- 667.800 What actions of the Department may be appealed to the Office of Administrative Law Judges?
- 667.810 What rules of procedure apply to hearings conducted under this subpart?
- 667.820 What authority does the Administrative Law Judge have in ordering relief as an outcome of an administrative hearing?
- 667.825 What special rules apply to reviews of NFJP and WIA INA grant selections?
- 667.830 When will the Administrative Law Judge issue a decision?
- 667.840 Is there an alternative dispute resolution process that may be used in place of an OALJ hearing?
- 667.850 Is there judicial review of a final order of the Secretary issued under section 186 of the Act?

667.860 Are there other remedies available outside of the Act?

Subpart I—Transition Planning

- 667.900 What special rules apply during the JTPA/WIA transition?
- 667.910 Are JTPA participants to be grandfathered into WIA?

AUTHORITY: Sec. 506(c), Pub. L. 105-220; 20 U.S.C. 9276(c).

SOURCE: 65 FR 49421, Aug. 11, 2000, unless otherwise noted.

Subpart A—Funding

§ 667.100 When do Workforce Investment Act grant funds become available?

- (a) Program year. Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, fiscal year appropriations for programs and activities carried out under title I of WIA are available for obligation on the basis of a program year. A program year begins on July 1 in the fiscal year for which the appropriation is made and ends on June 30 of the following year.
- (b) Youth fund availability. Fiscal year appropriations for a program year's youth activities, authorized under chapter 4, subtitle B, title I of WIA, may be made available for obligation beginning on April 1 of the fiscal year for which the appropriation is made

§ 667.105 What award document authorizes the expenditure of Workforce Investment Act funds under title I of the Act?

- (a) Agreement. All WIA title I funds that are awarded by grant, contract or cooperative agreement are issued under an agreement between the Grant Officer/Contracting Officer and the recipient. The agreement describes the terms and conditions applicable to the award of WIA title I funds.
- (b) Grant funds awarded to States. Under the Governor/Secretary Agreement described in §667.110, each program year, the grant agreement described in paragraph (a) of this section will be executed and signed by the Governor or the Governor's designated representative and Secretary or the Grant Officer. The grant agreement and associated Notices of Obligation are the

basis for Federal obligation of funds allotted to the States in accordance with WIA sections 127(b) and 132(b) for each program year.

- (c) Indian and Native American Programs. (1) Awards of grants, contracts or cooperative agreements for the WIA Indian and Native American program will be made to eligible entities on a competitive basis every two program years for a two-year period, in accordance with the provisions of 20 CFR part 668. An award for the succeeding two-year period may be made to the same recipient on a non-competitive basis if the recipient:
 - (i) Has performed satisfactorily; and
- (ii) Submits a satisfactory two-year program plan for the succeeding two-year grant, contract or agreement period
- (2) A grant, contract or cooperative agreement may be renewed under the authority of paragraph (c)(1) of this section no more than once during any four-year period for any single recipient.
- (d) National Farmworker Jobs programs. (1) Awards of grants or contracts for the National Farmworker Jobs program will be made to eligible entities on a competitive basis every two program years for a two-year period, in accordance with the provisions of 20 CFR part 669. An award for the succeeding two-year period may be made to the same recipient if the recipient:
 - (i) Has performed satisfactorily; and
- (ii) Submits a satisfactory two-year program plan for the succeeding two-year period.
- (2) A grant or contract may be renewed under the authority of paragraph (d)(1) of this section no more than once during any four-year period for any single recipient.
- (e) Job Corps. (1) Awards of contracts will be made on a competitive basis between the Contracting Officer and eligible entities to operate contract centers and provide operational support services.
- (2) The Secretary may enter into interagency agreements with Federal agencies for funding, establishment, and operation of Civilian Conservation Centers for Job Corps programs.
- (f) Youth Opportunity grants. Awards of grants for Youth Opportunity pro-

grams will be made to eligible Local Boards and eligible entities for a oneyear period. The grants may be renewed for each of the four succeeding years based on criteria that include successful performance.

- (g) Awards under WIA sections 171 and 172. (1) Awards of grants, contracts or cooperative agreements will be made to eligible entities for programs or activities authorized under WIA sections 171 or 172. These funds are for:
 - (i) Demonstration;
 - (ii) Pilot:
 - (iii) Multi-service;
 - (iv) Research;
 - (v) Multi-State projects; and
 - (vi) Evaluations
- (2) Grants and contracts under paragraphs (g)(1)(i) and (ii) of this section will be awarded on a competitive basis, except that a noncompetitive award may be made in the case of a project that is funded jointly with other public or private entities that provide a portion of the funding.
- (3) Contracts and grants under paragraphs (g)(1)(iii), (iv), and (v) of this section in amounts that exceed \$100,000 will be awarded on a competitive basis, except that a noncompetitive award may be made in the case of a project that is funded jointly with other public or private sector entities that provide a substantial portion of the assistance under the grant or contract for the project.
- (4) Grants or contracts for carrying out projects in paragraphs (g)(1)(iii), (iv), and (v) of this section may not be awarded to the same organization for more than three consecutive years, unless the project is competitively reevaluated within that period.
- (5) Entities with nationally recognized expertise in the methods, techniques and knowledge of workforce investment activities will be provided priority in awarding contracts or grants for the projects under paragraphs (g)(1)(iii), (iv), and (v) of this section
- (6) A peer review process will be used for projects under paragraphs (g)(1)(iii), (iv), and (v) of this section for grants that exceed \$500,000, and to designate exemplary and promising programs.

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(h) *Termination*. Each grant terminates when the period of fund availability has expired. The grant must be closed in accordance with the closeout provisions at 29 CFR 95.71 or 97.50, as appropriate.

§ 667.107 What is the period of availability for expenditure of WIA funds?

- (a) Grant funds expended by States. Funds allotted to States under WIA sections 127(b) and 132(b) for any program year are available for expenditure by the State receiving the funds only during that program year and the two succeeding program years.
- (b) Grant funds expended by local areas. (1) Funds allocated by a State to a local area under WIA sections 128(b) and 133(b), for any program year are available for expenditure only during that program year and the succeeding program year.
- (2) Funds which are not expended by a local area in the two-year period described in paragraph (b)(1) of this section, must be returned to the State. Funds so returned are available for expenditure by State and local recipients and subrecipients only during the third program year of availability. These funds may:
- (i) Be used for Statewide projects, or
- (ii) Be distributed to other local areas which had fully expended their allocation of funds for the same program year within the two-year period.
- (c) Job Corps. Funds obligated for any program year for any Job Corps activity carried out under title I, subtitle C, of WIA may be expended during that program year and the two succeeding program years.
- (d) Funds awarded under WIA sections 171 and 172. Funds obligated for any program year for a program or activity authorized under sections 171 or 172 of WIA remain available until expended.
- (e) Other programs under title I of WIA. For all other grants, contracts and cooperative agreements issued under title I of WIA the period of availability for expenditure is set in the terms and conditions of the award document.

§ 667.110 What is the Governor/Secretary Agreement?

- (a) To establish a continuing relationship under the Act, the Governor and the Secretary will enter into a Governor/Secretary Agreement. The Agreement will consist of a statement assuring that the State will comply with:
- (1) The Workforce Investment Act and all applicable rules and regulations, and
- (2) The Wagner-Peyser Act and all applicable rules and regulations.
- (b) The Governor/Secretary Agreement may be modified, revised or terminated at any time, upon the agreement of both parties.

§ 667.120 What planning information must a State submit in order to receive a formula grant?

Each State seeking financial assistance under WIA sections 127 (youth) or 132 (adults and dislocated workers) or under the Wagner-Peyser Act must submit a single State Plan. The requirements for the plan content and the plan review process are described in WIA section 112, Wagner-Peyser Act section 8, and 20 CFR 661.220, 661.240 and 652.211 through 652.214.

§ 667.130 How are WIA title I formula funds allocated to local workforce investment areas?

- (a) General. The Governor must allocate WIA formula funds allotted for services to youth, adults and dislocated workers in accordance with WIA sections 128 and 133, and this section.
- (1) State Boards must assist Governors in the development of any discretionary within-State allocation formulas. (WIA sec. 111(d)(5).)
- (2) Within-State allocations must be made:
- (i) In accordance with the allocation formulas contained in WIA sections 128(b) and 133(b) and in the State workforce investment plan, and
- (ii) After consultation with chief elected officials in each of the workforce investment areas.
- (b) State reserve. (1) Of the WIA formula funds allotted for services to youth, adults and dislocated workers, the Governor must reserve funds from